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CONFERENCE

Desenvolvimento para Kubernetes

Alexandre Mioranza
TDC - 2019



Kubernetes is an open source orchestrator for deploying containerized applications. It was originally developed by Google, inspired by a decade of experience deploying scalable, reliable systems in containers via application-oriented APIs.



An **Operator** is a method of packaging, deploying and managing a Kubernetes application. A Kubernetes application is an application that is both deployed on Kubernetes and managed using the Kubernetes APIs and kubectl tooling.

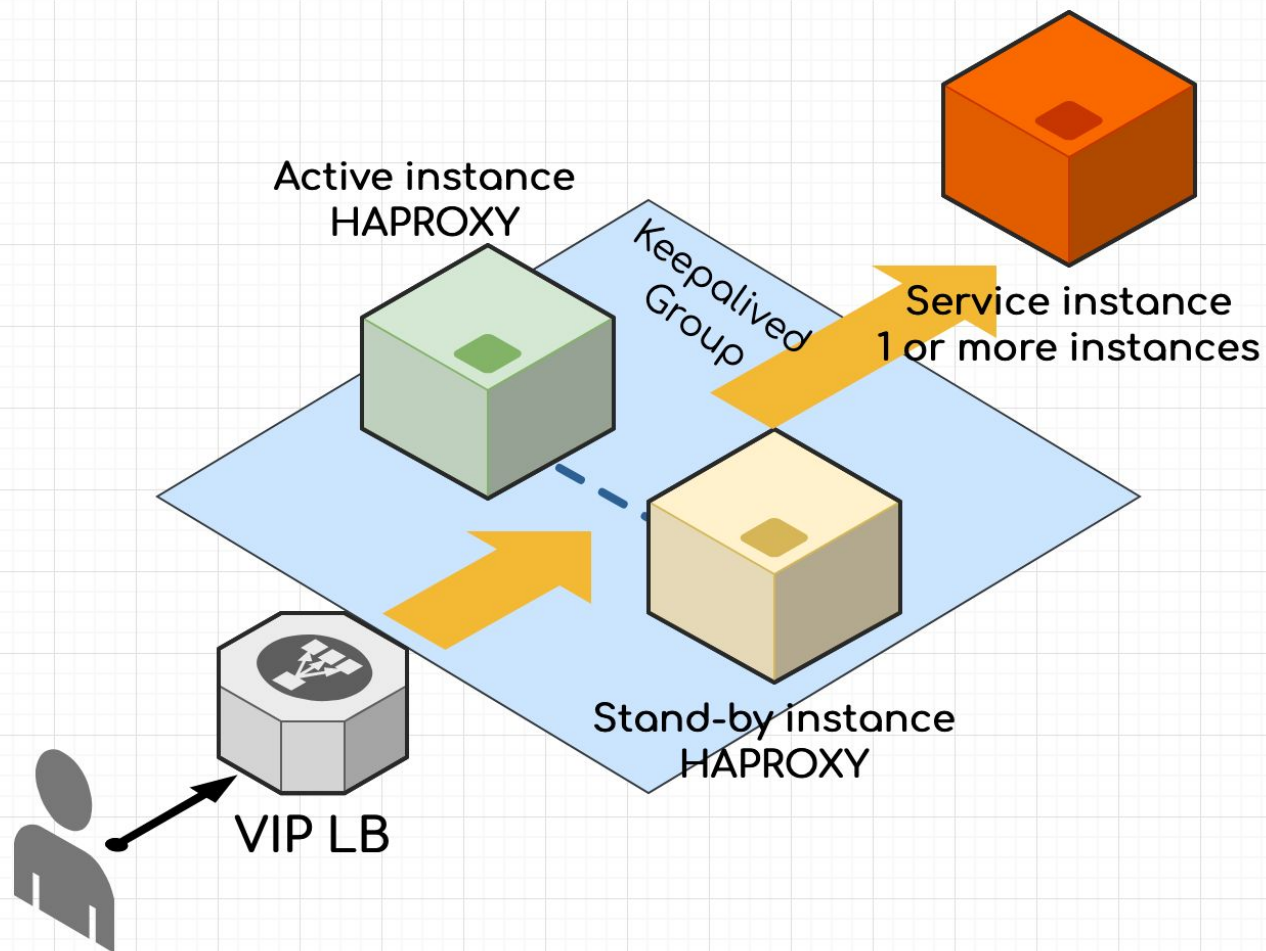


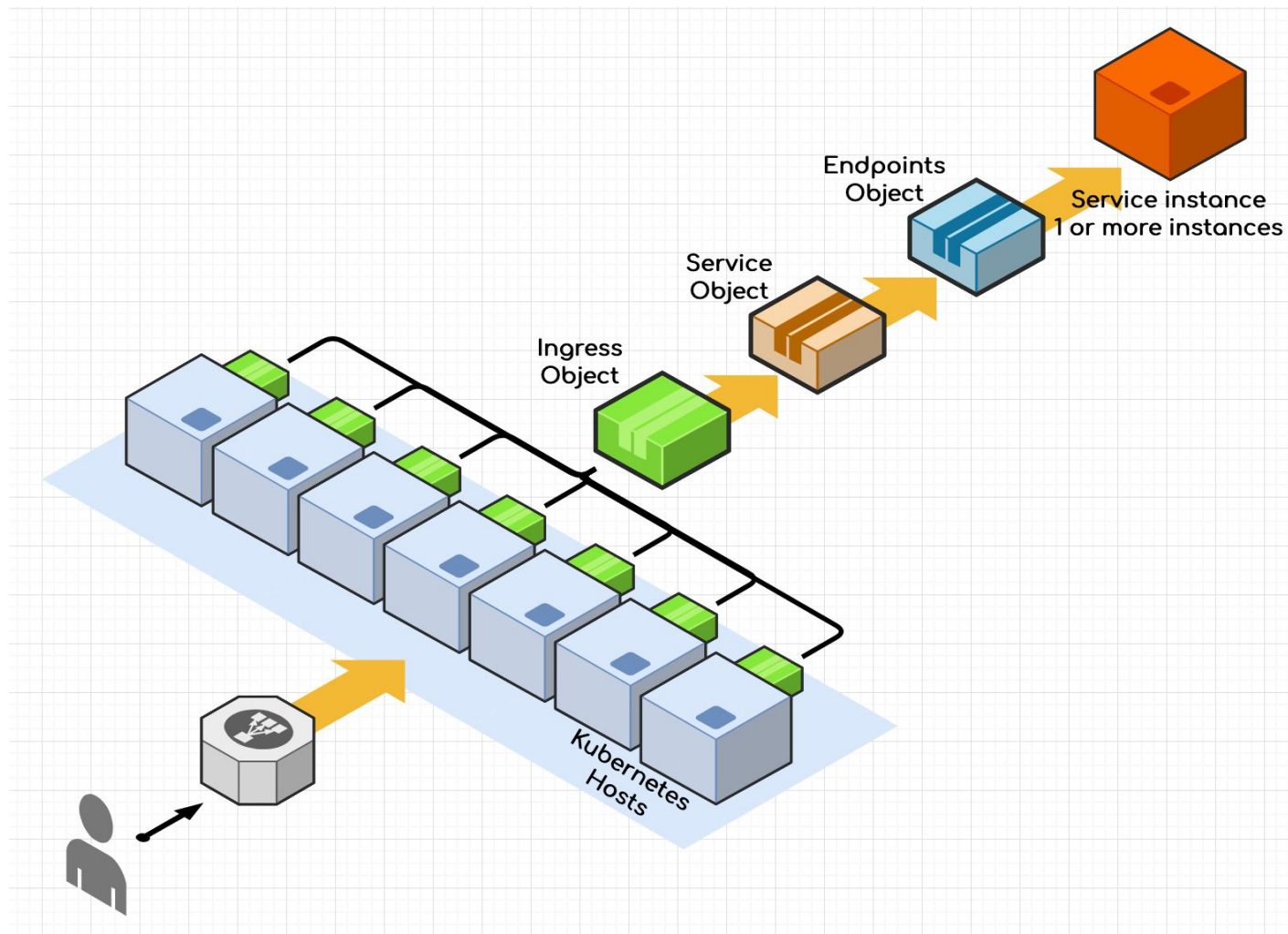
Alex Garzão muito obrigado!

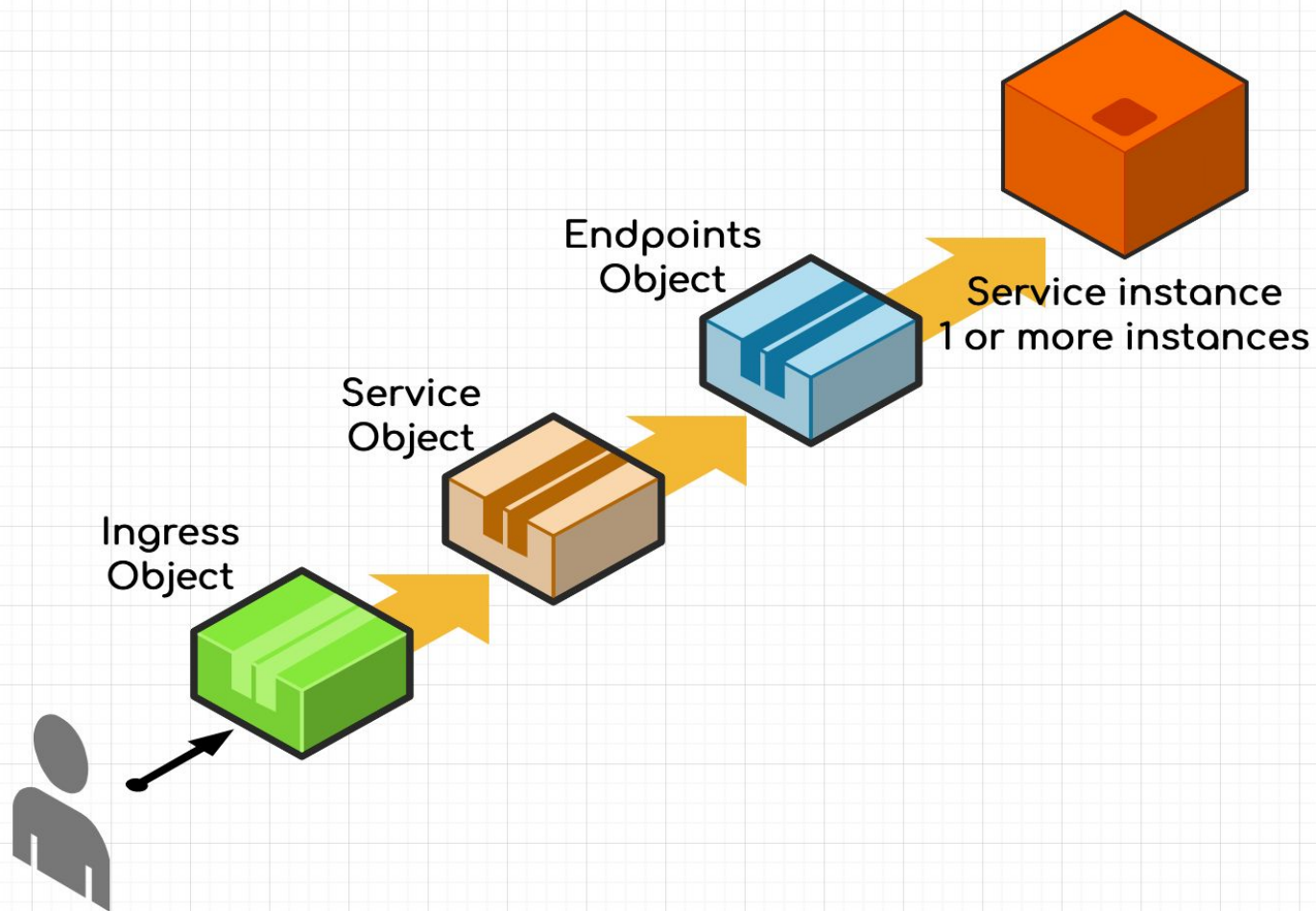
Desejo a ser atendido:

Remover instâncias de HAProxy
do ambiente de Flow para
aplicações que não estão no
Kubernetes.










```
1  kind: Service
2  apiVersion: v1
3  metadata:
4    name: cv
5  spec:
6    ports:
7      - port: 80
8      targetPort: 80
9  ---
10 kind: Endpoints
11 apiVersion: v1
12 metadata:
13   name: cv
14 subsets:
15   - addresses:
16     - ip: 192.168.1.240
17     ports:
18       - port: 80
19   ---
20 apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
21 kind: Ingress
22 metadata:
23   name: cv
24 spec:
25   rules:
26     - host: cv.mdcnet.internal
27     http:
28       paths:
29         - backend:
30             serviceName: cv
31             servicePort: 80
32         path: /
```

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Remover instâncias de HAProxy
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Novos problemas introduzidos:

- 1 - Cada serviço necessita de 3 objetos para serem configurados: ingress, service e endpoints
- 2 - Endpoints são configurações fixas e não removem endpoints com falha

Desejos novos a serem
atendidos:

1 - Configurar um único objeto
no Kubernetes

2 - Atualizar os endpoints de
forma dinâmica de acordo com
a saúde do serviço



Controllers	Operators
Atua sobre os recursos core tais como deployments, services, endpoints. São tipicamente parte do Kubernetes controller-manager no control plane ou podem observar e manipular recursos customizados criados pelo usuário	São controllers que codificam algum conhecimento operacional, por exemplo, o ciclo de vida de uma aplicação em conjunto com recursos definidos pelo usuário



Endpoints
Operator

1 - Configurar um único objeto no Kubernetes

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Custom Resource Definition



Custom Resource



ETCD

```

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```



```

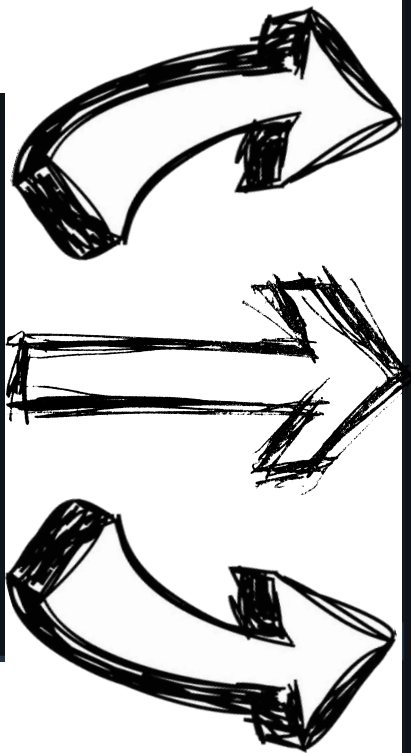
1  apiVersion: endpoints.mdcnet.ninja/v1alpha1
2  kind: EndpointService
3  metadata:
4    name: cv
5  spec:
6    url: cv.mdcnet.internal
7    targetPort: 8000
8    port: 80
9    path: "/"
10   scheme: "http"
11   endpoints:
12     - "192.168.1.240"
13   healthcheck:
14     protocol: "HTTP"
15     path: "/"

```

```

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2  kind: EndpointService
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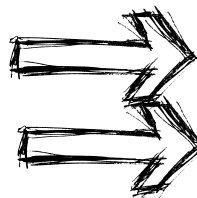
**TALK IS CHEAP
SHOW ME
THE CODE**

Linus Torvalds

2 - Atualizar os endpoints de forma dinâmica de acordo com a saúde do serviço



```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Endpoints
metadata:
  creationTimestamp: "2019-11-18T23:53:13Z"
  labels:
    endpointservice: cv
  name: cv
  namespace: default
  ownerReferences:
    - apiVersion: endpoints.mdcnet.ninja/v1alpha1
      blockOwnerDeletion: true
      controller: true
      kind: EndpointService
      name: cv
      uid: ba2817d1-621a-489c-9b0f-13477d5ad14f
  resourceVersion: "289025"
  selfLink: /api/v1/namespaces/default/endpoints/cv
  uid: 70442d00-b083-4733-8c76-b88d478819f0
subsets:
  - addresses:
    - ip: 192.168.1.188
    notReadyAddresses:
    - ip: 192.168.50.82
  ports:
    - port: 8000
      protocol: TCP
```



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SHOW ME
THE CODE**

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Melhorias e funcionalidades próximas versões:

- Suporte TLS (ingress e endpoints);
- Paralelização dos testes dos endpoints;
- Múltiplos subsets para definir mais de uma porta no service;
- Gerar dinamicamente o ingress e o service em caso de update do EndpointService.



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